

Welcome! While  
you're waiting:



Please ensure that your audio and video work once you join the room (please stay muted except when speaking to the group).



If you have a question, raise your hand to ask to speak. You can find this by clicking on reactions



The facilitators will either answer you right away or at the next opportunity.

# PROGRAM FOR OPEN SCHOLARSHIP AND EDUCATION

[pose.ubc.ca](https://pose.ubc.ca)



THE UNIVERSITY OF BRITISH COLUMBIA

# Land Acknowledgement

- UBC Point Grey Campus is on traditional, ancestral, unceded Musqueam Territory
- Where are you? See this resource to discover the Indigenous territories you reside on: [native-land.ca](http://native-land.ca)



TRC Bentwood Box. Artist: Luke Marston





**Susan E. Parker**

University Librarian

UBC Library, Vancouver





# Agenda

- Getting to know the cohort
- Introduction to POSE
- Overview of Open Scholarship
- Open Access
- Open Research
- Open Education
- Breakout\*
- Capstone Overview
- Sharing / Questions



# Meeting the Cohort

# Where are we located?







Polling by [Freepic](#) is used under a [Flat Icon](#) License

# Course Tour



Open Access



Open Research



Open Education

# OVERVIEW OF OPEN SCHOLARSHIP

Christina Hendricks



# WHAT DOES “OPEN” MEAN?



[Libros Libres](#), by Alan Levine, [CC BY 2.0](#), Flickr  
[A Day at the Museum 2](#), by Robert Couse-Baker, [CC BY 2.0](#), Flickr



# MULTIPLE MEANINGS OF “OPEN”

COST	LICENSE	TECHNICAL	TRANSPARENT	INCLUSIVE	SOCIAL
Free of cost (or low cost for print)	Allow for revision? Commercial use?	Open formats; technical skills needed to use/adapt	Sharing research data and methods; sharing w/students what data collected about them and how used	Diverse voices, topics, perspectives, methods; accessibility, Universal Design	Collaborative knowledge construction; involving community participation
Adapted from <a href="#">Hodgkinson-Williams (2014)</a>					

# OVERVIEW OF OPEN SCHOLARSHIP

“With roots in **democracy, equality, and social justice**, all areas of Open Scholarship operate under the assumption that knowledge creation and dissemination should be understood as **social practices**. In this sense, as [Tom Woodward has stated](#), ‘Open is a purposeful path towards **connection and community**,’ and the values of **inclusion, social impact, and participation** are integral to the practice of open.”

— [What is Open Scholarship?](#), POSE website

# VALUES OF OPEN SCHOLARSHIP

Community and  
collaboration that  
supports open  
knowledge creation

Social justice  
commitment to reduce  
access barriers to  
information sources

Openly sharing the  
results of research to  
enhance reproducibility  
and credibility in  
results

Transparency through  
open sharing of grant  
proposals, research  
protocols, and data

Speed and efficiency in  
sharing research  
findings

Supporting open and  
free participation

Engaging in  
technologies and  
networks to create  
collaborative  
communities

Advancing community  
knowledge by working  
together for the  
common good

Engaging the users of  
knowledge in the  
process of knowledge  
production



# Introduction to POSE Units





# Open Access

1. Publication Ecosystem
2. Author Rights
3. Pathways to Open

# OPEN ACCESS - OVERVIEW



Publication Ecosystem	Author Rights	Pathways to Open
Academic publishing today	Defining intellectual property	Open access basics
The digital shift and open access	Publisher agreements	Opportunities and challenges
The economics of publishing	The value of intellectual property	Open access models
The role of the academic library	Intellectual property and open	Other open access models
Predatory publishing	Publisher negotiations	Open access mandates
Publishing and the academy	Traditional Knowledge	Preprint servers
		Open for whom?

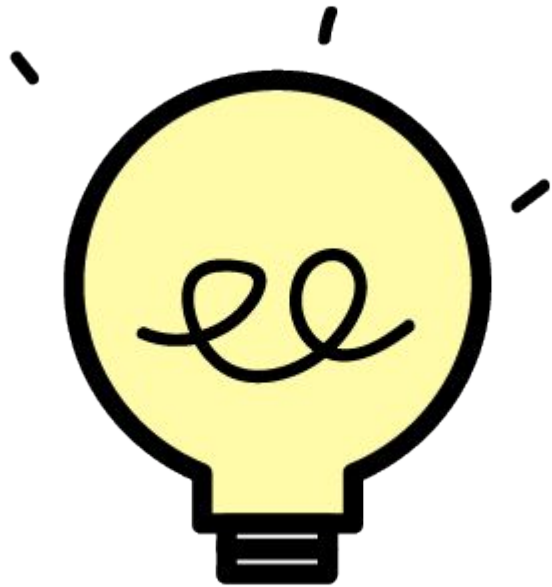
# OPEN ACCESS - OVERVIEW



## Dig Deeper

To learn more about the modern academic publishing ecosystem, review: Fyfe, A., et al. (2017), [Untangling Academic Publishing: a history of the relationship between commercial interests, academic prestige and the circulation of research](#). Licensed under [CC-BY 4.0](#).

# OPEN ACCESS - BIG IDEAS



How does the academy contribute to inequalities within the publishing ecosystem?

What is the value of my intellectual property?

Are there unintended consequences to engaging in open access?





# Open Research

1. Open Workflows
2. Open Software
3. Open Data

# Open Workflows



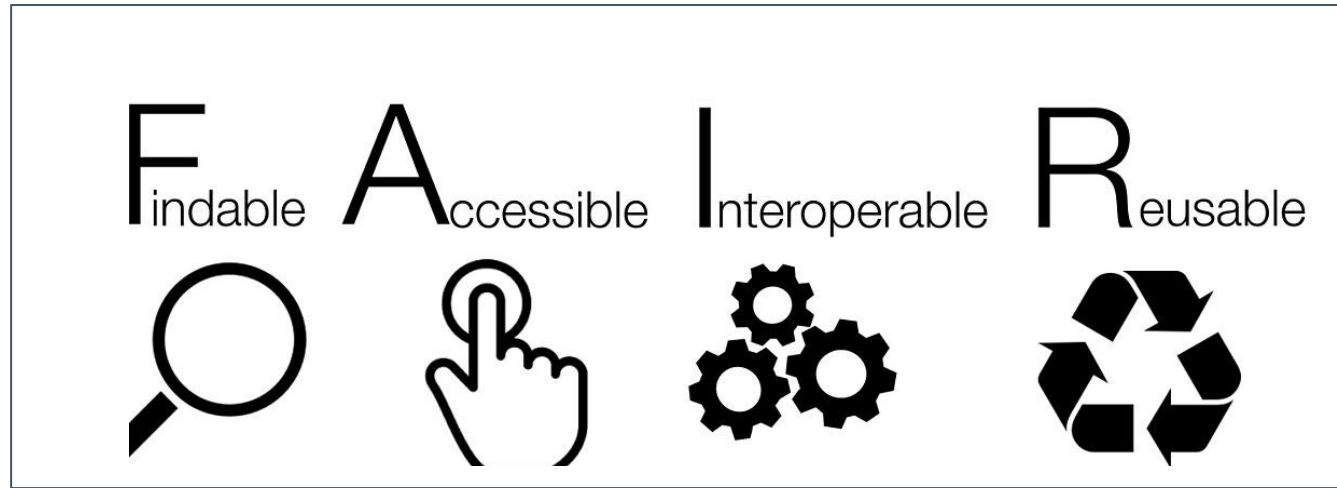
- What do open research workflows look like beyond outputs?
- What are the risks and benefits of open workflows and related tools?
- How do open workflows help support future-proofed research practice?
- How do research reproducibility and replicability relate to different disciplines?
- What are best practices around working openly throughout a project lifecycle?
- How OSF, a workflow management tool for research, enables greater transparency throughout the whole project lifecycle.

# Open Software



- Understand the various concepts and degrees of *open* in open software and open platforms.
- Identify the linkages between open software and reproducible research.
- Recognize how software choice impacts the longevity and transparency of your research.

# Open Data



- Identify the 3 key attributes that make data open described in the Open Definition
- Identify the FAIR principles and the difference between FAIR and open data
- Value the importance of open data for transparency, reproducibility, and innovation
- Describe the steps involved in implementing open data in research
- Distinguish between descriptive, structural, and administrative metadata
- Appreciate the use of open data in teaching and learning and in government





# Open Education

1. Creative Commons
2. Open Educational Resources (OER)
3. Open Pedagogy



## Open Copyright Licenses and Creative Commons

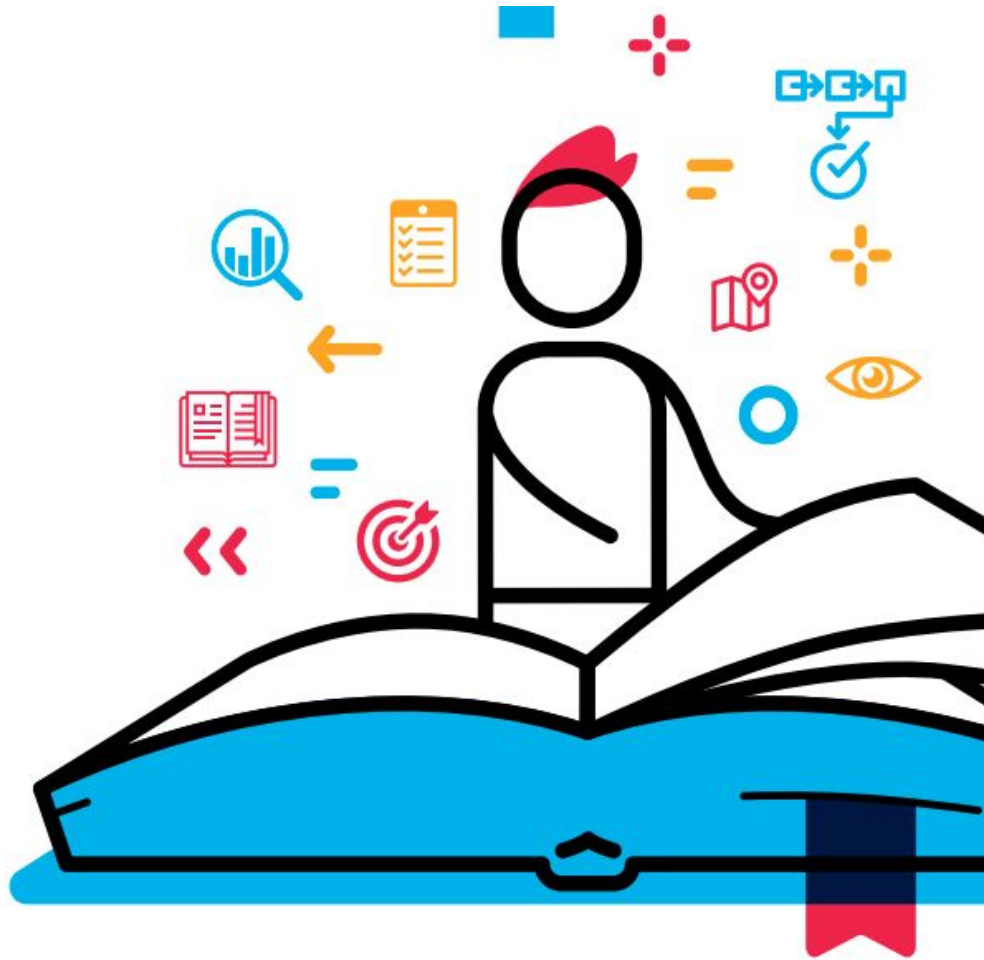
- What is Creative Commons?
- What are the different types of licenses?
- Finding and reusing openly licensed works
- Applying a Creative Commons license to one's own work.



## Open Educational Resources

- Core movements towards OER
- The spectrum of Open
- What makes an educational resource open?
- Finding and evaluating OERs
- Why use OERs?
- Creating, adapting and sharing OERs





## Open Pedagogy

- Defining open pedagogy
- Students as scholars and knowledge creators
- OER enabled pedagogy
- Student considerations, risk, and privacy
- Examples and ideas of open assignments

Image: [Guidelines on the development of open educational resources policies](#) by UNESCO, CC BY-SA 3.0 IGO

# Participant Breakout

In the breakout room, introduce yourself and answer the following questions:

**What inspired you to participate in this program?**

**What kinds of open scholarship practices/projects interest you?**

**Share a link to an open project(s) that interest you.**

Instructions for the breakout session can be found here:

<https://padlet.com/emefie2/2rkkcq3fnb1ddjhp>



# Key Dates, Logistics, and Communication

## Key Dates

- Unit Release
- Open Chats

## Communication

- Monthly Program Updates (Canvas & Wordpress)
- General Discussion (Canvas)
- Admin Discussion (Canvas)





*Thank You!*  
Any Questions?