Rationale: • Students in Canadian classrooms are often taught to examine the inequities and problems facing "others" worldwide. In high school, students are often aware of the socioeconomic disparity that exists between most of Canada and the two-thirds world. Very rarely, however, are students confronted with the grim realities of inequity and injustice in their own sphere or "backyard". First Nations Reserves experience some of the most tragic socioeconomic issues, and are often plagued with problems in health, education, and basic living conditions. The reason for teaching about reserves is to awaken students to the pressing issues facing First Nations people.
<ul> <li>Resources:</li> <li>"Our Homes Are Bleeding" pg. 6-8</li> <li>Video: "Life on the Reserve"</li> <li>Poster Paper</li> <li>Felt Pens</li> </ul>
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Timing	What the Teacher will be doing:	What the Students will be doing:
Independent Reading: 20 min.	Provide students with pages 6-8 in "Our Homes are Bleeding" Explain that it is written by first nations leaders in the 1970's.	Read pages 6-8 and ask the teacher to clarify any terms that are unknown.
Guided Practice: 20 min.	Introduction: Divide students into groups, explain brainstorming activity, hand out paper and felt pens. Pose question to students: What are the greatest humanitarian problems facing people worldwide? Play Video: "Life on the Reserve"	Working in groups of 4-6, students will be posed a question to answer: What are the greatest humanitarian problems facing people worldwide? Brainstorm, discuss, and jot down answers on the paper provided. Watch Video
	Give 2 minutes for discussion on the realities of the video compared to what was written down.	Discuss video compared to written ideas.
U-Shaped Debate: 15 minutes	Direct setting up new classroom shape for U-Shaped debate. Give a claim: "The government should pay for all the necessary resources and programs needed to eliminate the problems on Reserves." Allow several minutes for debate.	Choose a position for debate and participate constructively.
	Add to the statement: "Even if it means paying higher taxes and cutting other funding." <i>This is to</i> <i>awaken students to the reality</i> <i>that their priorities should be</i> <i>reflected in the way their money</i> <i>is spent by government. If they</i> <i>truly wish to promote social</i> <i>justice, it could cost them.</i>	
	If necessary, ask a leading question to stimulate more	

	dehoter "Is more money really			
	debate: "Is more money really			
	the solution?"			
5 minutes	Conclusion: Explain to students	Listen and ask any clarifying		
	that social injustices do not	questions.		
	simply exist in far-off places and			
	the two-thirds world, but that			
	inequities exist close to home; it			
	is within their power as citizens			
	to contribute to meaningful and			
	lasting solutions for the problems			
	faced by their neighbors.			
Extension:				
• N/A due to cooperative nature of activities.				
Assessment:				
• Formative; assessment for learning will take place as the teacher				
analyzes poster contributions, discussion points, and U-Shaped debate.				
Homework:				
• No homework will be assigned.				
Adaptations/Modifications:				
• Semi-notes on Reading available for students with written output				
difficulties.				
Reflection on lesson:				
• What went well? Did they participate in the brainstorming and				
contribute to the debate? Did the dialogue remain respectful and				
constructive?				